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Single Stage Transistor Amplifiers MCQ Test

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Below is the **Single Stage Transistor Amplifiers MCQ** test that checks your basic knowledge of Single Stage Transistor Amplifiers. This **Single Stage Transistor Amplifiers MCQ** contains 20 Multiple Choice Questions. You have to select the right answer to the question. Apart from this, you can also download **Single Stage Transistor Amplifiers MCQ PDF completly free**.

Q1. The input capacitor in an amplifier is the _____ capacitor.

- A. Coupling
- **B.** Bypass
- C. Leakage
- **D.** None of the above

Q2. What is the purpose of capacitors in a transistor amplifier?

- A. Protect the transistor
- **B.** Cool the transistor
- C. Couple or bypass a.c. component
- **D.** Provide biasing

Q3. What is the purpose of d.c. conditions in a transistor?

- A. Reverse bias the emitter
- **B.** Forward bias the collector
- C. Set up operating point
- **D.** None of the above

Q4. What is the purpose of coupling capacitor in a transistor amplifier?

• A. Increase the output impedance of transistor

- **B.** Protect the transistor
- C. Pass a.c. and block d.c.
- **D.** Provide biasing

Q5. What is the purpose of of emitter capacitor (i.e. capacitor across RE)?

- A. Avoid voltage gain drop
- **B.** Forward bias the emitter
- C. Reduce noise in the amplifier
- **D.** None of the above

Q6. A CE amplifier is also called _____ circuit.

- A. Grounded emitter
- **B.** Grounded base
- C. Grounded collector
- **D.** None of the above

Q7. In transistor amplifiers, we generally use _____ capacitors.

- A. Electrolytic
- **B.** Mica
- C. Paper
- **D.** Air

Q8. A transistor converts d.c. power into a.c. power.

- A. True
- **B.** False

Q9. If the input capacitor of a transistor amplifier is short-circuited, then _____.

- **A.** Transistor will be destroyed
- B. Biasing conditions will change
- C. Signal will not reach the base
- **D.** None of the above

Q10. If a transistor amplifier feeds a load of low resistance (e.g. speaker), then voltage

gain will be low.

- A. True
- **B.** False

Q11. When a transistor amplifier is operating, the current in any branch is _____.

- A. Sum of a.c. and d.c.
- **B.** difference of a.c. and d.c.
- C. product of a.c. and d.c.
- **D.** None of the above

Q12. A transistor amplifier has high output impedance because ___.

- A. Emitter is heavily doped
- B. Collector has reverse bias
- C. Collector is wider than emitter or base
- **D.** None of the above

Q13. What do you mean by the Operating point?

- A. The point of intersection of d.c. and a.c. load lines
- **B.** The sum of d.c. and a.c. load
- C. The product of d.c. and a.c. load lines is called
- **D.** None of the above

Q14. Is the slope of a.c. load line is more tahn that of d.c. load line?

- A. Yes
- **B.** No

Q15. If a transistor amplifier draws 2mA when input voltage is 10 V, then its input impedance is ____.

- A. 20 k?
- **B.** 2 k?
- **C.** 10 k?
- D. 5 k?

Q16. What does single stage transistor amplifier contains?

- A. One transistor and associated circuitry
- B. Two transistor and associated circuitry
- C. Multi transistor and associated circuitry
- **D.** None of the above

Q17. The value of collector load RC in a transistor amplifier is _____ the output impedance of the transistor.

- A. The same as
- B. Less than
- C. More than
- **D.** None of the above

Q18. For highest power gain, one would use _____ configuration.

- A. CC
- **B.** CB
- C. CE
- **D.** None of the above

Q19. CC configuration is used for impedance matching because its ____.

- A. Input impedance is very high
- **B.** Input impedance is low
- C. Output impedance is very low
- **D.** None of the above

Q20. In order to get more voltage gain from a transistor amplifier, the transistor used should have _____.

- A. Thin base
- **B.** Thin collector
- C. Wide emitter
- **D.** None of the above

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