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Rdbms MCQ Quiz

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RDBMS is an abbreviated form of Relational Database Management System. It is a computer program that manages, stores, and retrieves data in tabular format as in tables, which are made up of rows and columns. some of the most popular examples of RDBMS are SQL, MS SQL Server, IBM DB2, ORACLE, & Microsoft Access. RDBMS is one of the most widely used database management systems. It provides one of the lowest costs for entry and, once you're up and running, provides great flexibility for reporting and analysis.

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Q1. A RDBMS consists a collection of?

- A. Tables
- B. Fields
- C. Records
- **D.** Keys

Q2.	The term	attribute	refers to a	a	of a table.
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- A. Record
- **B.** Tuple
- C. Column
- **D.** Key

Q3. In relational model, the row of table is known to be?

 A. Relation B. Entity field C. Tuple D. Attribute 				
Q4. Address field of a person should not be part of primary key, since it is likely to ?				
 A. Dependent B. Too long C. Changed D. Not changed 				
Q5. The relational model is concerned with?				
 A. Data structure and Data integrity B. Data Manipulation C. Both A and B D. None of these 				
Q6. Which is the false statement from the following ?				
 A. A veiw is a named derived table B. A name relation is variable C. A veiw is a named reation and is virtual D. None of these 				
Q7. The union of primary keys of the related entity sets becomes a of the relation?				
 A. Super Key B. Candidate key C. Foreign key D. Primary key 				
Q8. What is the full form of RDBMS?				

A. Right Database Management System
B. Relational Database Management system

- C. Rapid Database Management System
- D. Route Database Management System

Q9. In a relational Database a referential integrity constraint cab be specified with the help of;

- A. Primary Key
- B. Secondry key
- C. Foreign key
- **D.** None of these

Q10. Primary key should be chosen such that its attribute values are never

- A. Updated
- B. Changed
- C. Dependent
- **D.** None of these

Q11. Query language is a language in which a user?

- A. Requests
- B. Stores
- C. Response
- D. Represents

Q12. Minimal superkeys are called?

- A. Unique key
- **B.** Superset key
- C. Candidate key
- **D.** Primary key

Q13. A table is a collection of relationships, there is a close correspondence between concept of :

 A. Tables and instances B. Table and variables C. Tables and relations D. Tables and Entries 				
Q14. Contents of a relation instance may change with time as relation :				
 A. Domain B. Retrieved C. Updated D. Time 				
Q15. Query languages used in practice includes				
 A. Elements B. Instances C. Tuples D. Fields 				
Q16. Logical design of database, is known to be				
 A. Database relation B. Database instance C. Database entity D. Database Schema 				
Q17. A domain is atomic if elements of the domain are considered to beunits.				
 A. Different B. Indivisbile C. Constant D. Divisible 				
Q18. Which one of the following is a procedural language ?				

- A. Domain relational calculusB. Tuple relational calculus

 C. Query language D. Relational algebra 				
Q19. The	operation performs a set union of two "similarly structured" tables :			
• A. Intersect	t			
• B. Product				
• C. Union				
• D. Join				
Q20. Which is appear in both	the operator, takes the results of two queries and returns only rows that result sets ?			
• A. Union				
• B. Projectio	on .			
• C. Difference				
• D. Intersec	t			
_	operation allows the combining of two relations by merging pairs of meach relation, into a single tuple.			
• A. Select				
• B. Intersect	ion			
• C. Union				
• D. Join				
Q22. In many	languages the case structure is called a statement.			
• A. Jump				
• B. Branch				
• C. Switch				
• D. Selective				
Q23. The data	base structure in a dbms is stored as a collection of files.			
• A. True				
■ R False				

Q24. ______ is data about relationships.

- A. Capital data
- B. Content data
- C. Connection data
- **D.** Communication data

Q25. Relational databases represent relationships using ______.

- A. metadata
- B. foreign keys
- C. file systems
- **D.** unique identifiers

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