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# **Electrostatics MCQ Quiz**

# Take Electrostatics Quiz To test your Knowledge

Below are few **Electrostatics MCQ** test that checks your basic knowledge of Electrostatics. This **Electrostatics Test** contains around 20 questions of **multiple choice** with 4 options. You have to select the right answer to a question. You can see the correct answer by clicking the view answer link.

Q1. An electric dipole is placed at an angle of 30° with an electric field intensity  $2 \times 105$  N/C. It experiences a torque equal to 4 N m. The charge on the dipole, if the dipole length is 2 cm, is

- A. 5 mC
- **B.** 8 mC
- C. 7 ?C
- **D.** 2 mC

Q2. Three concentric metallic spherical shells of radii R, 2R, 3R, are given charges Q1, Q2, Q3, respectively. It is found that the surface charge densities on the outer surfaces of the shells are equal. Then, the ratio of the charges given to the shells, Q1 : Q2 : Q3, is

- **A.** 1:4:9
- **B.** 1 : 2 : 3
- C. 1:3:5
- **D.** 1 : 8 : 18

Q3. Two identical charged spheres are suspended by strings of equal lengths. The strings make an angle of  $30^{\circ}$  with each other. When suspended in a liquid of density 0.8 g cm–3, the angle remains the same. If density of the material of the sphere is 1.6 g cm–3, the dielectric constant of the liquid is

- **A.** 1
- **B.** 2
- C. 3
- **D.** 4

Q4. we use .....to relieve discomfort of allergy sufferers in homes.

- A. vacuum cleaner
- **B.** wind cleaner
- C. electrostatic air cleaner
- **D.** none of the above

#### Q5. Value of k in coulomb's law depends upon -

- A. medium between two charges
- **B.** magnitude of charges
- C. distance between charges
- **D.** both A and B

#### Q6. Value of k in coulomb's law depends upon -

- A. medium between two charges
- **B.** magnitude of charges
- C. distance between charges
- **D.** both A and B

#### Q7. Value of k in coulomb's law depends upon -

- A. medium between two charges
- **B.** magnitude of charges
- C. distance between charges
- **D.** both A and B

#### Q8. Coulomb is equal to charge of -

- A. 5.25×1018
- **B.** 6.25×1018
- C. 8.25×1018
- D. 7.25×1018

#### Q9. Selenium becomes a conductor in light so it behaves like -

- A. Semiconductor
- **B.** Light emitting diode
- C. Photodiode
- **D.** Capacitor

#### Q10. Property of material due to which it attracts or repels other objects is

- A. charge
- **B.** friction
- C. velocity
- **D.** current

#### Q11. Charge on capacitor plates is directly proportional to -

- A. electric field intensity
- **B.** current
- C. potential difference
- D. resistance

#### Q12. What happens when we rub a glass rod with a silk cloth ?

- A. glass rod acquires positive charge while silk acquires negative charges
- B. glass rod acquires negative charge while silk acquires positive charge
- C. both glass rod and silk acquire negative charge
- D. both glass rod and silk acquire positive charge

#### Q13. Thunderclouds are charged by friction between -

- A. layers of clouds
- **B.** clouds and air
- C. water molecules and air
- **D.** layers of air

# Q14. If the distance between the two point charges become half then force between them becomes

- A. double
- B. four times

- C. remains same
- **D.** half

#### Q15. Charge on capacitor plates is directly proportional to

- A. current
- **B.** potential difference
- C. electric field intensity
- **D.** resistance

### Q16. In equation Q=CV, C is constant of proportionality called capacitor's

- A. power
- **B.** heat
- C. capacitance
- **D.** electric intensity

#### Q17. In equation Q=CV, C is constant of proportionality called capacitor's

- A. power
- **B.** heat
- C. capacitance
- **D.** electric intensity

#### Q18. An Electric field can deflect \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- A. Neutrons
- **B.** X-rays
- C. ? rays
- **D.** None of These

## Q19. The Electric line of force are \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. Physically existing everywhere
- B. imaginary
- C. physically existing near the charges
- **D.** depends upon case

#### Q20. The Value of the capacitance depends upon the \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. Thickness of the capacitor plates
- B. geometry of the capacitor
- C. density of the capacitor plates
- **D.** voltage applied

#### **Q21.** Particles With Opposite Charges

- A. attract
- **B.** rebel
- C. repel
- **D.** attack

#### Q22. Electroscope Can Be Charged By

- A. convection
- **B.** radiation
- C. conduction
- **D.** all of above

#### Q23. The SI Unit Of Electric Potential Is

- A. volts
- **B.** ohm
- C. coulomb
- **D.** newton

#### Q24. Dielectric Strength Of Medium

- A. increases with rise in temperature
- B. increases with moisture content
- C. is same for all insulating materials
- D. none of the above

#### Q25. The Dissipation Factor Of A Good Dielectric Is Of The Order Of

- A. 0.0002
- **B.** 0.002
- C. 0.02
- **D.** 0.2

# **Q26.** The Electric Field At A Point Situated At A Distance D From Straight Charged Conductor Is

- A. proportional to d
- B. inversely proportional to d
- C. inversely proportional to d
- **D.** none of the above

#### Q27. Paper Capacitor And Mica Capacitor Are The Examples Of

- A. ceramic capacitors
- B. fixed capacitors
- C. parallel plate capacitors
- **D.** electrolytic capacitors

#### Q28. Which Of The Following Is Not A Good Insulator?

- A. Copper
- **B.** Glass
- C. rubber
- **D.** wool

#### Q29. The Reason A Charged Balloon Will Stick To A Wall Is That

- A. the charge is slightly sticky and acts like glue
- **B.** electrons transfer back and forth between the wall and the balloon
- C. induced opposite charges in the wall are closer than other wall charges
- D. balloon material simply sticks to walls

#### Q30. The Common Hydrogen Atom Consists Of

- A. one proton
- B. one proton and one electron

- C. two protons, one neutron, and two electrons
- **D.** one neutron and one electron

# Q31. The Accumulation Of Excess Electric Charge On An Object Is Called

- A. Static electricity
- **B.** Electric discharge
- C. Resistance
- **D.** Circuit

# Q32. Which Of The Following Is NOT A Subatomic Particle?

- A. Proton
- **B.** Neutron
- C. Electron
- D. Positron

### Q33. An Electrolytic Capacitor Is Generally Made To Provide

- A. low capacitance
- **B.** fixed capacitance
- C. variable capacitance
- D. large value of capacitance

#### Q34. What Charge Does A Proton Have?

- A. negative (-)
- **B. positive** (+)
- C. neutral or no charge (0)

### **Q35.** What Is The Symbol For Force?

- A. F
- **B.** f
- C. N
- **D.** n

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